

SHERWIN WILLIAMS.

SHER-WOOD® Water White Conversion Varnish

CHARACTERISTICS

SHER-WOOD® Water White Conversion Varnish is a catalyzed wood finishing system providing water white color and good resistance to yellowing. It is recommended for use over white "pickled" and light color stains where good resistance to yellowing is required.

DESCRIPTION

Advantages:

- · Excellent clarity
- UV absorber added to insure good resistance to yellowing
- High Build 35% volume solids
- Meets the Federal HAPS* standard for wood finishes
- Fast drying
- Meets the test requirements of the Kitchen Cabinet Manufacturers Association (KCMA)
- Self sealing use the same product as a sealer
- Process efficient many three coat applications can be done in two coats because of its high solids and high build
- Versatile may be applied by conventional airless, air assisted airless, or electrostatic spray
- Good "hang" on vertical surfaces
- Excellent toughness and mar resistance
- Excellent moisture resistance
- Excellent resistance to household chemicals
- Excellent cold check resistance
- Ideal for kitchen cabinets, vanities, chairs, office furniture, and a wide range of interior wood products
- Free of lead hazards as packaged in compliance with Consumer Product Safety Commission's (CPSC) 16 CFR Chapter II: Subchapter B, part 1303.

* National Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPS) Emissions for Wood Furniture Manufacturing Operations CFR40, Part 63, Subpart JJ

Gloss:	Gloss - 85+
	BRE - 55-59 units
	MRE - 34-38 units
	DRE - 17-21 units
V	Collider OF 10/

Volume Solids: 35 ± 1%
Viscosity: 17-22 seconds #2 Zahn Cup 14-18 seconds #4 Ford Cup
Recommended film thickness: Mils Wet - 2.5 - 4.0 Mils Dry - 0.8 - 1.2
Spreading Rate (no application loss) 460-690 sq ft/gal @ 0.8-1.2 mils DFT
Drying (77°F, 50% RH): To Touch: 10-15 minutes To Handle: 15-30 minutes

To Handle:	15-30 minutes			
To Sand:	30-60 minutes			
To Recoat:	30-60 minutes			
Coating must be	applied and dried at a			
	0°F or higher to ensure			
acceptable coating				
	5-20 minutes at 110-160°F			
,	10°F PMCC			
Mixing Ratio, Sea	aler:			
1 part	Conversion Varnish			
3%	Catalyst V66V21			
15%	Butyl Acetate R6K18			
Mixing Ratio, Top	5			
1 part	Conversion Varnish			
3%	Catalyst V66V21			
5%	Butyl Acetate R6K18			
	Acetate, R6K18 or MAK,			
	HAPS compliance. Tolu-			
	h Flash Naphtha 100			
	but are not HAPS com-			
pliant.				
Pot Life:	24 hours			
Package Life:	24 months, unopened			
Air Quality Data	Theoretical):			
 Photochemically 	/ reactive			
	Compounds (VOC)			
	aximum, less exempt			
solvents: <4.6 lb/gal, 550 g/L				
 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPS) 				
as catalyzed and reduced with Butyl				
	<0.9 lb per pound of			

Acetate R6K18: <0.8 lb. per pound of solids

An Environmental Data Sheet is available from your local Sherwin-Williams facility.

Gloss	V84V80
Bright Rubbed Effect	V84F81
Medium Rubbed Effect	V84F82
Dull Rubbed Effect	V84F83
Catalyst	V66V21

CC-F24

SPECIFICATIONS

Wood (interior only): Must be clean, dry, and finish sanded. Substrate should be free of grease, oil, dirt, fingerprints, and any contamination to ensure optimum adhesion and coating performance properties. Moisture content of wood should be 6 to 8%.

Finishing System:

 Sealer—Catalyze and reduce Varnish as a sealer. Spray a full wet coat. Air dry 30 minutes or force dry 5-20 minutes at 110° -160°F.

Note: Sher-Wood Vinyl Sealers T67F3, T67F5, T67F6 and T67F7 may also be used as a sealer under Water White Conversion Varnish. These sealers must be catalyzed when used under Sher-Wood catalyzed topcoats. Consult the corresponding sealer data page for details.

- 2. Sand with 220-280 grit paper, remove sanding dust.
- Topcoat— Catalyze Sher-Wood Water White Conversion Varnish as a topcoat.
 For more depth apply a second coat.
- 4. Allow overnight dry before packing or stacking. Force drying may be used.
- 5. Maximum dry film thickness of the system must not exceed 4 mils because heavier films may cause cracking.

Testing: Due to the wide variety of substrates, surface preparation methods, application methods, and environments, the customer should test the complete system for adhesion, compatibility and performance prior to full scale application.

APPLICATION Typical Setups

Conventional Spray:

Air Pressure	40-50 psi
Fluid Pressure	6-8 psi
Airless Spray:	
Pressure	1200-1800 psi
Тір	
Air Assisted Airless:	
Assist Air Pressure	10-25 psi
Fluid Pressure	400-800 psi
Cap/Tip	
Electrostatic Sprav:	

Substrate must be conductive.

Note: HAPS Free Reducer R7K305 can be used to maintain low HAPS. MAK R6K30 and EEP R6K35 can be used to retard the coating system and maintain low HAPS. Acetone R6K9 can be used as a HAPS and VOC exempt solvent.

Cleanup:

Clean tools/equipment immediately after use Butyl Acetate, or HAPS free Lacquer Thinner R7K305.

Follow manufacturer's safety recommendations when using any solvent.

SPECIFICATIONS

Performance Tests:

Household Chemicals Test

Panels were aged 30 days at 77°F, 5 drops of each item were placed under a watch glass for one hour. Film was rinsed with water, washed with warm water and soap, dried, and wiped with VM&P Naphtha to remove items not removed with water. Household Ammonia no visual effect Vinegar no visual effect

Vinegar no visual effect
Lipstickno visual effect
Lemon Juice no visual effect
50% Ethyl Alcohol no visual effect
Mercurochrome 2%no visual effect
Red Ink no visual effect
Washable Blue Inkno visual effect
Mustardno visual effect
Oil Base Paintno visual effect
Latex Emulsion Paintno visual effect
VM&P Naphtha no visual effect
Turpentineno visual effect
Orange Crayon no visual effect
Carbon Tetrachlorideno visual effect
Mayonnaiseno visual effect
10% Sodium Carbonate no visual effect
Sour Milkno visual effect
Margarineno visual effect
Butter no visual effect
Water no visual effect
Cooking fatno visual effect

SPECIFICATIONS

Product Limitations:

- Sher-Wood Water White Conversion Varnish must be catalyzed 3% with Sher-Wood KemVar Catalyst V66V21. Do not over catalyze. Do not use any other catalyst.
- Do not use over conventional nitrocellulose lacquer sealers. Seal with Sher-Wood Vinyl Sealers T67F3, T67F5, T67F6 or T67F7 catalyzed, or conversion varnish.
- KemVar Catalyst V66V21 is an acid. To prevent acid corrosion and pitting, all equipment should be made of stainless steel. Containers and piping should be stainless steel or plastic.
- Do not use Sher-Wood Catalyst V66V26.For interior use only.
- For laboratory furniture and the best chemical resistance properties, Super KemVar "M" should be used.
- While catalyzed varnish remains a low viscosity liquid beyond 24 hours, it should not be used after 24 hours because a chemical reaction is taking place. The resultant film may have inferior cure and crosslinking and a tendency for long-term cold checking.
- To extend the use life at the end of the day, add 300-400% of uncatalyzed material. Add catalyst based only on the uncatalyzed portion when ready to use the next day. Refrigeration also extends the working potlife.
- Do not use in recirculating systems such as flocoaters or curtain coaters. Recirculating paint lines are acceptable.
- Temperature must be above 70°F during application and cure to ensure acceptable coating properties. Coatings cured a lower temperatures are prone to cracking, checking and brittleness.
- Natural finished wood will change color on aging and exposure to light. This is a natural phenomenon. Clear finishes will not prevent the wood from changing color.
- Maximum dry film thickness of the coating system is 4.0 mils.

CAUTIONS

FOR INDUSTRIAL SHOP APPLICATION

Thoroughly review product label and Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for safety and cautions prior to using this product.

A Material Safety Data Sheet is available from your local Sherwin-Williams facility.

Please direct any questions or comments to your local Sherwin-Williams facility.

Note: Product Data Sheets are periodically updated to reflect new information relating to the product. It is important that the customer obtain the most recent Product Data Sheet for the product being used. The information, rating, and opinions stated here pertain to the material currently offered and represent the results of tests believed to be reliable. However, due to variations in customer handling and methods of application which are not known or under our control, The Sherwin-Williams Company cannot make any warranties as to the end result.